# Sicily:

# Palermo: W

GEN:

Edit & Walk routing w/ goog maps / dbl chk LP online maps 4 Sicily maps

REG capital/largest city; largely Baroque w/ of MED ARCH nuggets. **Norman PAL**: w/ its BYZ Palatine Chapel (miniature Monreale in), built on Phoenician walls. Several MONs & castles, mag CATH, GUD ARCH MUS.

# TRANS-IN: Athens(ATH) > Palermo (PMO):

DP: ATH 3:35pm > ARV: PMO 6:55pm (1 stop, TOT: 4<sup>1</sup>/<sub>3</sub>h) : <u>Skyscanner</u> : 4 OPT: 3 w/ Vueling: 106-224, 1 GUD time, <u>WhichAirline.com</u> many OPT; issue: long trip times <u>Kayak</u> : 1 @ \$106 rest over \$645 <u>Flycheapo</u>, NO full flight SCHDs but can tell you budget airlines fly btwn any 2 points. ACCM:

LOTS! : SEE Web page

# **TRANS-OUT:**

TRN SCHDs: DP(PAL Centrale): 0700 > ARV 0754, or, DP: 1005> ARV: 1053; 8½€ Trans Sites:

# Trans Sites:

trenitalia.com. SAIS :<u>SAIS SCHDs here</u>. 1 of 3 BUS lines Interbus. Check<u>Interbus SCHDs here</u>. 2<sup>nd</sup> of 3 <u>AST BUS SCHDs here</u>. 3<sup>rd</sup> of 3 BUS line

# SITES:

SEE " Palermo pages.pdf" Edit & Walk routing w/ maps / dbl chk LP online maps 4 Sicily maps



# DT: MONREALE: 12th C CATH & cloisterCastellaccio Castle & San Martino Abbey Multicultural synchronicity of

Norman, Arab &

Byz; 2hr visit LUNCH: Dietro

l'Angolo pizza off ST

behind apse; stupendous terrace view

# TRANS:

number 389 BUS DPing from Piazza Indipendenza in Palermo. BUS follows Corso Calatafimi, 1 of Palermo's main ST, 30 min +/-, > terminus in SQ next > CATH.

Valderice

SP52

Napola

Dattilo

Rigaletta

Porticalazzo

Casa Santa

SS115

SP21

Palma

Crocevie

SS113

Dattilo

SS187

SP22

Buseto Palizzolo

SP22

Fulgator

# SITES:

# CATH & abbey:

Overlooks Palermo, Monreale town, Latin "Mons Regalis" ('Royal Mt'), 8 km S of Palermo's CATH. 300 m above sea level, overlooks "Conca d'Oro," -- VAL beyond Palermo; largest concentration of Norman, Arab & Byz art in 1 place; Palermo's CATH is larger, but Monreale's: **better** 12<sup>th</sup> C orig.; wondrous - more than "just another CHR.";

# Monreale Abbey: GUD multicultural effect

- E meets W
- CATH: 12<sup>th</sup> C Arab, Byz & Norman artistic style mix framed by TRAD Romanesque ARCH
  - mosaics on walls , 1) OO world's largest displays, only surpassed by Istanbul's Basilica of Saint Sofia, 2) when Turks conquered Constantinople, 1453, destroyed or whitewashed ...), 3) .... over 6000 SQ metres in INT; more th÷][po[=[p[=] [p[]=[po=[=[p=-p0[=-p0-=\][p-=[-0p-[=]p[] \=poiuytretwqrwertyuiop[[poiuytuioiuyt=-098uy7fgtvbhjklkjuygfv



SP57

Mosaic Icon of Christ Pantokrator (Cathedral Apse)

\=poiuytretwqrwertyuiop[[poiuytuioiuyt=-098uy7fgtvbhjklkjuygfvfv bnmnbvcxzAZsdf0-`1qan Saint Mark in Venice.

- "Santa Maria la Nuova" (Saint Mary New) mosaics, (official Monreale CATH name): more than <u>Cefalù</u> CATH; ; Compared > Palermo's Norman Palace: <u>Palatine Chapel</u> mosaics: equal exquisite craftsmanship, but Palermo's give impression of "complex work of art in restrictive space". SO????
- Mosaics Byz / Islamic: considerable culture & TRAD overlap: but, strongly Byz, w/ Arab (actually Islamic) geometric inlay of apse exteriors,

# Benedictine $x\Omega$ vbb ÷/≥, ,

- OOH, mixture of influences; Attached > CATH, 228 COLs (paired, w/ 4 on each corner), some inlayed w/ Byz-style mosaic, each supports an ornately carved capital. capitals: depict scenes in Sicily's Norman history w/ knights & kings. Norman knight figures style evokes Bayeaux Tapestry, Battle of Hastings. Historians define Sicily coats of arms TRAD by Monreale knight figures shields, lack any heraldic decoration.???
- Capitals: strongly reflect 12<sup>th</sup> C Provencal styles & 3 of 5 mstr reg sculptors.



Monreale Cathedral

#### Royal Origins (Interesting history)

-- **King William II " Good**," grandson of Roger II idea; Prior: stood sm Arab hamlet named "Ba'lat,": local farmers would gather morn > cart produce > souks of Bal'harm (Palermo).

Norman era: Ba'lat area renamed Monreale, Hauteville monarchs favorite hunting ground; deer, boar & wild cats; far more forests than now; falconry popular w/ baronage; hue, extensive royal hunting reserve

-- Walter "of Mill" glish bishop of Palermo( "Offamilias" = familial connection > Hauteville kings), w/other nobles tried > influence / persuade young king > give them more power; reduce Muslim ministers / functionaries powers; formerly child-William's tutor during mother's regency; kingdom actually controlled by Matthew d'Aiello, royal chancellor, & Walter, bishop of Palermo

BUT, young Willie evidenced power by constructing CATH; Benedictines readily obliged. Crowned @ 18 (1171), King William's 1st goal: establish actual control/power >self firmly as sovereign, so CATH began, 1172: 4 yr > build; mosaics & cloister done by young king's 1189 death

-- **Muslims** fled Palermo > hill country capital after **rebellion** against William's father in 1161others already lived there. **anti-Muslim policy**, led by Matthew Bonellus, Siculo-Norman nobility, leaving 'Saracens' (DEF: nomadic people of deserts btwn Syria & Arabia) > establish easily-fortified towns in INT, though nominally loyal > William, eventually Bonellus eliminated; Ft-like CATH (TOW & slit-windows) strategically guarded gateway passes > these communities; nearby hilltop castle of Castellaccio added STRAT support.

Arabs eventually rebelled, after King William's death, cuz William II & Pope-placed Abbot of Monreale's mistreatment & excessive taxation. Muslims on several occasions attacked CATH: worst -- 1216, BUT never serious threat > Norman, Swabian (DEF: Christian from southwestern <u>Germany</u>) Sicily. In 1246, last resistance.

**3<sup>rd</sup> CATH construct goal**: establish Roman Catholic CHR, aka "Latin" CHR, as official Sicily CHR.

**12**<sup>th</sup> **C**: many Orthodox Christians & Muslims, few Jews; Orthodoxy permitted, BUT Pope trumped, so despite Orthodox mosaic icons CATH 4 'Latinizing' of Sicily.

Pope Alexander III granted abbot of Benedictine MON episcopal privileges in 1174, & elevated Teobald > rank of archbishop in 1183.

#### MON:

little but cloister survives, originally: twelve embattled TOW & thick walls, some visible TOW

**HIST**: Built, 1174; 1177, at twenty-4, William married Joan, daughter of King Henry II of England & became brother-in-law > Richard I "Lionheart" & John "Lackland," Henry's sons. In 1170, King Henry II murdered Thomas Becket, Archbishop of Canterbury: Canonized in 1173,

#### William's un-Christian-like practices: 4

Middle Ages monarch: 1) many Muslim ministers, astrologers & doctors, 2) kept PAL harem, 3) spoken, read & written Arabic.

1189, completed before William's 1189, death (36): THEN< quasianarchy.

#### INT:

Thomas Becket mosaic icon: on CATH's main apse near altar (as 1 faces apse it is 2nd icon > right of apse niche); 1st public work of art honoring ENG saint.



Norman knight figures in column capitals of Monreale's cloister

#### **EXT:** not striking:

- 1. front facade: faces W onto Piazza Guglielmo;
- 2. 2 massive SQ bell TOW flank main CHR entry.
- 3. porticos: not ORIG. T
- 4. CATH side: 100 metres long.
  - 5. **complex geometric inlay of apse** seen from Via Arcivescovado, ST behind CATH: -- kind of symmetry reflecting Muslim spirituality.
  - 6. **Romanesque bronze doors:** Framed w/ typical MED arch under main (front) portico, manufactured in of Bonanno of Pisa workshops, 1186.
  - side doors: Constructed same yr, designed by Barisano of Trani: set within squared frame decorated in Arab mosaic. <u>Each door</u> panels: carved w/ RELG figures amidst floral & other symbolic motifs.

#### INT :

- 8. **FLR plan:** TRAD Western (Latin) basilica & an Eastern (Orthodox) elements: combo GRK & Latin elements typifies Norman Italian ARCH.
- 9. L central nave: btwn 2 smaller aisles.
- 10. Nine monolithic **COLs** of gray granite support eight pointed **arches** on each side of central aisle, 4 total of eighteen COLs, each bearing **Corinthian style capital:** sculpted w/ different motif of RELG figures & symbols. NOTE: Only 1 COLs is not gray granite (1st COL on right of front entry): "cipollina" marble.
- 11. **roof**: wood, carved & painted w/ great detail, strong Saracen influence, actually 1811 restored reproduction when severely fire damaged; present roof: faithful repro. 16<sup>th</sup> C **FLR**: white marble w/ multi-colored granite & porphyry patterns & borders.

#### Mosaic art & icons

hundred metres long X forty mgr L; 130 individual mosaic scenes depicting biblical & other RELG events. Old Testament: central nave walls: start: Creation > Jacob's Fight w/ Angel.

- 12. splendid **mosaics** principal artistic attraction; subtle beauty = solemn tranquility & awe; cover practically all wall surfaces; except @ ground level > 2 mgr H: white marble bordered w/ polychrome inlay.
- 13. mosaic figures: (many are icons) on background of gold mosaic "tesserae" (tiles).
- 14. **side aisles mosaics**: major Jesus life events, birth > crucifixion; miracles worked cycle; some accompanied by Latin or GRK inscriptions.
- 15. Dominating of **Christ Pantocrator** ("Ruler of All") mosaic: central apse over main altar: 13 mgr x 7 mgr high.
- 16. Beneath that: **Theotokos (Mother of God) enthroned w/ Christ child** on her lap mosaic; flanked by: angels & various saints & apostles,
- all about transept area: other saints , Gospels scenes, including icon of Saint Thomas Becket.
- 2 noteworthy mosaics: DIRECS: presbytery sides, over royal & episcopal thrones. above royal throne: Christ crowning William II.

over episcopal throne : William II offering Monreale CATH > Virgin. **NOTE**: In W, rare 4 living monarchs > be represented in Heavenly setting.

SEE "Sicily Palermo Monreale CATH Mosaics KEY/Plan.pd" f<u>Key > Monreale's Mosaics</u>. Several **royal tombs:** 

- 1. William II: 16<sup>th</sup> C <u>white marble</u>
- William's father, King William I " Bad": 12<sup>th</sup>C <u>deep-red porphyry tomb</u>, presumably,ORIG (?).
- 3. William II's mother, Margaret of Navarre, also interred at Monreale.
- 4. **Heart ONLY**: <u>King Louis IX of France</u> (Saint Louis). royal cortege stopped here 4 funeral en route > France following Louis' death during Tunisian Crusade (in 1270) when less-saintly younger brother, Charles of Anjou, was king of Naples & Sicily. <u>SO???</u>

# Cloister

Except 4 some foundations & EXT walls, cloister court proper: only part of MON standing today: perfect SQ, w/ covered walkway.

crowning glory: Arab fountain - SW corner; almost mini-cloister within cloister, w/ own 4-sided colonnade..

Our printable map of Monreale's cloister capitals describes fascinating carvings of over 30 of capitals.

garden terrace or "belvedere": WAV: panoramic Palermo view DIRECS: >> courtyard near cloister, in corner of SQ. Next door, sometimes interesting exhibits.



# Crypt, MUS, Roof

Crypt usually closed, Treasury MUS: interesting relics & other ecclesiastical items. ??? **Stairs & passages > roof** encircle CHR w/ good cloister views, inside of taller TOW, VAL views.

# 4 Visitors:

OPEN: MON >> Saturday: 9:00 AM > 6 PM, &

SUNs: 9:00 > 12:30 yr RND, though afternoon schedules may vary.

# **NEARBY SITES:**

# Castellaccio (literally "Big Castle")

# TRANS:

5 km N of Monreale on steep, winding Via San Martino atop Mount Caputo,

SITE:

12<sup>th</sup> C Norman castle-Ft: strategically guards all possible city approaches: land or sea; standing fortrtess, OOM spectacular area views: clear day visit ONLY; well preserved cuz remote

# San Martino Abbey

OPEN: Daily: 8:30 > 12:30 & 4:30 > 6:30 btwn SUN morn masses & 5 > 7 PM. no fee.

# TRANS:

15 min from Monreale, BUS? Taxi? PLUS demanding 20-min hike up winding path > castle. sometimes open (???); can be visited when closed,: EXT & views.

## SITE:

HIST:

Benedictine, **San Martino delle Scale**: few km up rd; ORIG MON founded by Pope Gregory Great, 600; Arabs burnt down, 829, re-built anew on ruins, 1346; used today. **marble staircase** by Venanzio Marvuglia Splendid 1700s

"Saint Martin & Beggar," Ignazio Marabitti's famous : abbey patron saint.

"Daniel in Lions' Den" by Monreale's own Pietro Novelli, late 1500s.

CHR choir: magnificently elaborate carved walnut chorus section.

MON Parts: clearly MED, but much 15<sup>th</sup> C reconstructed & expanded.

## SEGESTA: en route >Trapani or Trapan DT

**NOTE:** Segesta's ARCH park: shuttle BUS from parking area > amphitheater & urban excavations. nearest locality is Calatafimi.

#### TRANS-IN/OUT:

Query: Can I BUS > Segesta, (Palermo Local Know), THEN, BUS same day > Trapani? TRN: <u>trenitalia.com</u>. <u>SAIS SCHDs here</u>. 1 of 3 BUS lines; NO ENG, Get Palermo info; <u>Interbus SCHDs here</u>. 2<sup>nd</sup> of 3 <u>AST BUS SCHDs here</u>. 3<sup>rd</sup> of 3 BUS line

Tarantola BUS: Palermo >< Segesta: no SUN service

DP: Palermo's "Paolo Balsamo TRN STA (> Segesta) @ 8.30, 1400, 1800 DP: Palermo's "Politeama BUS STA (> Segesta) @ 8:40 RET: from Segesta > Palermo @ 11.50 (€11,50).

Tarantola BUS: **Trapani >< Segesta**: no SUN service DP: Trapani's "Piazza Ciaccio Montalto TRN STA" (> Segesta) @ 10.00, 12.00, & 14.00 RET: Segesta > Trapani: @ 13.05, & 16.05 (€ 6,60).

#### ACCM: not necessary, OVN Trapani

#### HIST:

- Elusive <u>Elymians</u>, (or Elymi) little is known, "Egesta." founders, Originally, from Asia Minor (possibly Anatolia), settled island's western regions, 1200 BC (BCE); legend (while not validated, GRK ARCH may support theory.
- After fall of Troy, some Trojans settled here; coexisted w/ indigenous Sicanians.
- GRKs assimilated Elymians (Egesta & Entella), 600 BC or, OOH, assimilated more w/ Punic (Carthaginian). Elymian language inscriptions in Phoenician & GRK characters found at Segesta w/ along w/ similar-script pottery pieces;
- GRKs intermarried Elymians, but not Sicanians: considered barbarians.
- •
- OOM IMP ancient Sicilian-GRK cities; formidable economically / militarily force;
- hilltop inhabited into Middle Ages, w/ ruins: Norman castle, sm CHR & mosque, & classical amphitheater.
- Though founded Cs earlier, written history starts ~ 500 BC. Context: GRK <u>Selinunte</u> colony, sixty km S Irg & prosperous since 650 BC alarming/threatening Segesta ALSO, Carthaginians, Mozia > Marsala> Solunto, saw GRK as threat, SO, Segesta allied w/ Carthage. BUT, after great GRK victory over Carthaginians at Himera, 480 BC, Segestans quickly changed sides allied w/ Athens
- •
- MED HIST: ignores Segesta: footnote > other epic conflicts; remains of Muslim necropolis & Mosque dating > late 12th C, nearby remains of an early 13th C Norman castle. mosque was destroyed in 13th C. Segesta was abandoned in late 13th C, most likely 4 nearby Erice (Eryx). Yet, little may have changed. Probably --- MED Segesta abandoned 4 nearby Erice (Eryx).
- Segesta's ancient SCULP: idealized healthy, attractive people image

## SITES:

#### ARCH PARK:

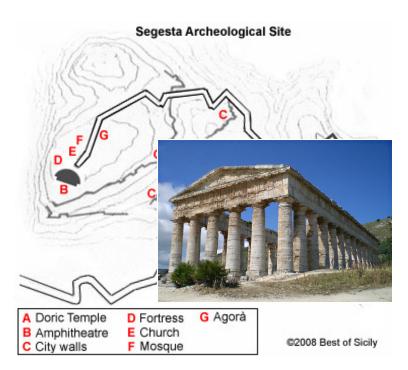
5<sup>th</sup> C, remote rural setting, Looks new, NOT!, ~ seventy km SW of Palermo; several ancient civilizations presence:

#### () Doric TEMP: 420-430 BC,

- highlight, mag, impres; never finishedroof & pillars not fluted - is impres
- maybe world's best preserved; Segesta focal point, 60 + mgr long & 26 m L, on 4 steps, w/ 30-six Doric COLs: 14 each side & 6 COLs across front & back.
- <u>colorful temple's construction theory:</u> 450 BC, Segesta's rival, Selinunte, allied



w/ OM powerful citystates -Syracuse, Segesta sought



Athenian ally, but not IMP > Athens, so Athens sent diplomatic envoys delegation > investigate city's wealth, Segestaians > deceive built TEMP > impress Athens, once Athens left convinced TEMP

worked ceased. followed by delivery of an enormous down payment > Athenian Navy in Messina, ploy that left Segesta bankrupt. Without next installment of money Athenians attacked Siracusa, & thereby hangs another tale well recorded in history. As support > this hypothesis there are no evidences of altars or fragments of votive materials in vicinity. The

# (C) City Walls: ???

#### (B) Amphitheatre: 2<sup>nd</sup> > none; GRK Theatre: 3<sup>rd</sup>-2<sup>nd</sup> C,

TRANS (?): easiest: BUS (See Transportation). carved into Mt Barbaro hilltop position rock w/ lateral, quarried, free-standing wings; built same time as TEMP, or maybe some decades earlier, circa 450 BC; Quite Irg: cavea: 63 m diameter, 7 sections, 2 rows in 2 tiers (3200 peeps); maybe built after Athenian "con-job" failed, or after 1st of Segesta's destructions (failure > pay 2<sup>nd</sup> protection installment); **best seats** have <u>carved back-rests</u>, no decor.



Stage bldg above foundation level: gone, thus, splendid view (ancient & modern stonework contrast). Try acoustics. (must in all GRK theaters) & record it in camcorder.
 (D) Ft: (?) Norman Castle: 12<sup>th</sup> C, created from proipor GRK TEMPs

# (E) CHR :

Ruins, sm, once dedicated > ST. Leone in multi stratified area btwn Castle & Theatre; single RM bldg: 13 x 6,30 mtr.

#### (F) MOSQ: ??? La Moschea Just ruins ?

#### (G) Agora:(Roman forum)

best part, W part, bldgs on pillars w/ an INT cryptopoticus. Unfortunately most destroyed **GRK Theatre**:3<sup>rd</sup>-2<sup>nd</sup> C,

TRANS (?): easiest: BUS (See Transportation).

carved into Mt. Barbaro rock w/ lateral, quarried, free-standing wings; built around same time as TEMP, or maybe some decades earlier, circa 450 BC; Quite Irg: cavea: 63 m diameter, 7 sections, 2 rows in 2 tiers (3200 peeps); maybe built after Athenian "con-job" failed, or after 1st of Segesta's destructions (failure > pay 2<sup>nd</sup> protection installment);

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# ERICE: Trapani DT

mt top (750 metres); Superficially, Middle Ages epitome: castles, walls & stone ST, but much older; overlooks Tyrrhenian coast

## TRANS: either

1) convenient **cableway** (funivia): €9.00 return& great views, more Erice time, Walk down; Cheap TIKs w/ Trapani Card.**Or**,

2) **trek** > Erice from Trapani , (?) miles up winding rds ,

3) BUS: BUS STA & TIK office: in Piazza Ciaccio

Montalto.: closed on Mondays;

Tue- Fri: 7:45 am > 1 am; port > lower cable car STA: 10 min habour.or, 4.5 km ???

# FOOD:

several GUD pastry shops: Maria Grammatico's- town centre

# HIST:

ancient Eryx: prosperous <u>Elymian</u> & Carthaginian city w/ Phoenician fertility goddess, <u>Astarte</u>, TEMP (later identified w/ Venus & worshipped by Romans) Both Hercules & Aeneas connected (?);

**Elymians**, (Elymi) little known, originally Asia Minor (SEE Segesta HIST 4 more) probably, assimilated w/ Carthaginians rather than GRKs.

**Phoenicians, Carthaginians & Romans**, in turn, conquered, never developed particularly strong GRK culture except 4 that of MED Byz of Eastern Roman Empire.

4 Arabs: IMP foothold(aka Gebel Hamed),

Normans called Monte San Giuliano, until 1934, when called Erice.

overlooking Trapani, western Sicilian Taormina.

ancient Elymian & Phoenician walls northeastern side

260 BC Hamilcar destroyed it.

Contested by GRK, Carthaginians & Romans, then Arabs, 827 on drive > Palermo: 12<sup>th</sup> C writer: most beautiful women;.

# **SITES:** 2 hilltop castles

**Pepoli Castle:** (now hotel.) w/ Arab foundations ,1st: feudal stronghold, then, ceded > Crown; stupendous castle TOW view; punic grey stone walls,

**Venus Castle**, nearby Norman period, but on ancient TEMP of Venus (or Astarte) ruins: ritual prostitution (Righttttt!); lush park, charming old stone ST, MED CHRs. both modified over Cs, but have MED FORTs character

**Mother CHR**, on Via Carvini, 14<sup>th</sup> C proto-Gothic reflecting Romanesque.

older TOW: at entry; CHR built on earlier structure.

# CHR of Saint John Baptist:

MED, modified BUT still some ORIG style, especially EXT; ORIG: Orthodox chapel. **CHR of Saint Ursula**, 15h C, w/ some MED Gothic elements, WAV

**Cordici Civic MUS: GUD DIRECS:** in Piazza Umberto ; Carthaginian ("Punic") collection remarkable; GRK & Roman: interesting





# TRAPANI: TRANS-IN:

## Palermo (City CNTR) > Trapani:

Segesta Autolinee: <u>buscenter.it/linee-regionali...</u> (ITAL only) also lists all BUS stops (€9.60; 2h)

Tarantola BUS: **Palermo >< Segesta**: no SUN service DP: Palermo's "Paolo Balsamo TRN STA (> Segesta) @ 8.30 DP: Palermo's "Politeama BUS STA (> Segesta) @ 8:40 RET: from <u>Segesta</u> > Palermo @ 11.50 (€11,50).

DT: Tarantola BUS: Trapani >< Segesta: no SUN service DP: Trapani's "Piazza Ciaccio Montalto TRN STA" (> Segesta) @ 10.00, 12.00, & 14.00 RET: Segesta > Trapani: @ 13.05, & 16.05 (€ 6,60). Interbus also runs BUS service from Palermo > Trapani

Palermo BUS STA (NONE): NO "proper" BUS STA; BUS DP from:

'via Paolo Balsamo': DIRECS: just outside Palermo Centrale (CNTR TRN STA).: <u>Facing STA</u> from SQ, via Paolo Balsamo on L<u>on via Paolo Balsamo</u>, <u>SEE row of TIK agencies on right</u> side of ST.

# ACCM:

Many on internet

# **TRANS-OUT:**

Segesta Autolinee: Palermo >< Segesta <u>buscenter.it/linee-regionali...</u> (ITAL only) also lists all BUS stops(€9.60; 2h) Tarantola BUS: Palermo >< Segesta: no SUN service RET: from Segesta > Palermo @ 11.50 (€11,50).

Trapani's BUS STA: @ Piazza Ciaccio Montalto: adjacent > TRN STA.

**ARV IN Palermo**: BUS stops: @ different stops depending on SCHD: check 4 stops 4 specific run by clicking on "Palermo" under "Arrivo" on SCHD screen. (Scott: supposedly of BUS company's online page???)

EXs:

some runs stop @: Università Orleans, P.za Cairoli interno Stazione FS, Viale Picciotti, 86. Others stop @: Via Belgio, Via Croce Rossa, 127, Via Libertà, 169, Via Turati, 3 (Zona Politeama), P.za Cairoli interno Stazione FS, Viale Picciotti, 86

# SITES:

Pepoli MUS Few CHRs:

#### SEE BELOW ----

Trapani Salt Flats aka Nature Reserve Salt-pans of Trapani & Paceco

#### Trapani Salt Flats aka Nature Reserve Salt-pans of Trapani & Paceco

**Always open** > visitors; at Mulino Maria Stella on SP21 that runs from Trapani > Marsala. STRAT: rent bike > tour (pre-book)

TRANS >: Bike rental (45 min > get there (7-8 km)

Open > public 4 guided tours, all yr RND, by appt, WED, FRI, & Saturday.

Entry Oasis: Provincial Rd 21 Trapani-Marsala, Visitor Centre Mulino Maria Stella 91027-Nubia Paceco (Tp) Phone: 0923/867700 E-mail: <u>salineditrapani@wwf.it</u> pre-book advised, but only ITAL, but GUD tour & better than naught; done by member of family who has owned fields 4 several generations

**Trapani > Marsala coast**: salt-pans: Lrg salt water pools, divided by narrow strips of land, irregular & multicoloured flats, 4 salt production, aka la Via del Sale (Salt Rd) w/ cycling path good bit of way): numerous Dutch-style windmills: pumping sea water & grinding salt; mts of salt covered w/ terracotta tiles; impres red-tinged sunset panorama

PROCESS: TRAD way: sweeping up salt after tide has gone out , THEN, ground down in ancient windmills;



**HIST**:1488, <u>Ferdinand Catholic</u>, King of Spain: ordered built: mill, pools etc.

salt-pans were probably started by **Phoenicians (?)** : set basins 4 salt collection, THEN, **Phoenicians**, BUT, THEN, no reliable info until **Norman** era: Idris, famous Arab geographer, reports; THEN, later, monopolized by **Frederick of Swabia**), THEN, under **Spanish crown** : salt production reached peak / Trapani port most IMP in EUR 4 precious salt export., THEN, just B4 WW II ruthless competition, BUT THEN, after **Reserve established**: significant productive boost; "Trapani sea salt": on list of TRAD Sicilian agro-foodstuffs,

**Migratory birds:** stop, feed & rest before crossing dangerous Channel of Sicily, > in Africa; spring, 200 different species, amphibians & reptiles; **rare plant**: nowhere else: just coastal stretch btwn Marsala & Mount Cofano; **no** <u>trees inside Reserve</u> cuz slow wind & therefore evaporation process.

#### MUS of Salt at Nubia

Location: Via Chiusa - Nubia Paceco - 91027 Trapani ; Info: 0923 867061 Opening hours: MON – SUN from 9:30 till 19:00 ; <u>www.museodelsale.it</u>

**MUS**: 1) 300-yr-old salt-working house w/ windmill attached, used > grind salt; collects & preserves ancient extracting & salt gathering tools; white/black salt-workers craft photographs, father > son craft &; NOW, new technologies.

Btwn walls of stone, terracotta FLRs & antique also painted doors, you can admire ORIG findings: gears of mills, shovels, cogwheels, taps, pinion, Archimedes's coils.

# THEN, EES > CNTR N Coast:

# **CEFALU:**

Undiscovered MED jewel; picturesque grandeur epitome. seaside town in steep mt shadow; winding, narrow, MED ST; <u>summit view</u> inspiring.

Cefalù (accent on last syllable): MED town

LOC / HIST: built on site of an ancient <u>Sicanian</u> & <u>GRK</u> town; GRK word: cape; ancient city aka Cephaloedion

**TRANS-IN:** 1hr > Palermo; most (not all) TRNs stop here; 75 km E of Palermo Palermo-Messina TRN RT: most (not all) TRNs stop here.

**TRN**: DP: (PAL Centrale TRN STA): DP: 0700 > ARV: 0754, **or**, DP: 1005> ARV: 1053; 3/4h, 8½€ TRN STA: near town centre

DIRECS: northern coast,, forty-5 + min: express TRN,

# ACCM:

HW, HB: no hostels, lots of "from \$25 ???"

# TRANS-OUT:

Rome2Rio: Cefalu > Ternmini Imerese > Agrigento Bassa (2:40h, hrly, \$12) Trenitalia Intercity BUS

# Trans Sites:

trenitalia.com.

SAIS :<u>SAIS SCHDs here</u>. 1 of 3 BUS lines Interbus. Check<u>Interbus SCHDs here</u>. 2<sup>nd</sup> of 3 <u>AST BUS SCHDs here</u>. 3<sup>rd</sup> of 3 BUS line

# FOOD:

good v in town center & near shore

# SITES:

# Hike > TOP:

**Lrg Ft ruins**: strenuous climb > promontory above town, half hour; spect views, > old Ft ruins & fifth C BC. goddess Diana TEMP ruins

#### TEMP of Diana: TEMP of Diana,

Only remains: sm, on mt overlooking town; foundation (pseudo-trilithon),: OOoldest standing Sicily bldg,

# Norman CATH,

ancient Sicanian TEMP: on rocky cliff overlooking town,

#### Castle ruins.

Town: narrow MED ST

# Norman-Arab-Byz CATH,

design: based French everything else is Sicily

OOBest S EUR CHRs; nestled btwn Madonie Mts & sea,

# ??? ancient Sicanian-GRK TEMP.

# Norman Ft

Crumbled long ago; mt top battlements from Norman rule, 11<sup>th</sup> -12<sup>th</sup> C; few restored outer wall are restorations; most are ORIG.

**summit** (hike): steep, mag view: town, CATH, mts & sea, is well worth climb. (Only Taormina's seaside view rivals), night views evoke MED grandeur.



#### Cefalù CATH: CATH closed: 1 > 4

1131, King Roger II; **CATH**, adjoining **abbey** & <u>cloister</u> (open: limited hours) bilt, 1150; typical Northern EUR FLR plan & artistic style (notably Saint Etienne),

**CHR:** some Gothic features, OO 1<sup>st</sup> Sicilian <u>cathedrals</u> on Western model -- long nave & distinct transept; more Norman than Byz or Arab influence, but apse's Christ icon indicates Eastern (Orthodox) TRAD

Mosaics (?): extensive like Monreale; early Gothic than Byz,

During War of Vespers, Charles Lame, son & heir of King of Naples, imprisoned in citadel by <u>Aragonese</u> following naval defeat; splendid views / fine cuisine, yet isolation here; Prince lived, crowned Charles II of Naples, but forced > renounce Sicily rights > House of Aragon.

## TEMP of Diana:

Near mt top Ft ruins, probably Sicanian: <u>portal</u>: & GRK & Roman construct; cult of Hercules worshipped here

temple's foundations:, 9th C or earlier.

#### MED bldgs -several

in city.

MED wash house (lavatoio, lavandai) from freshwater springs,

Osteria Magna (Great Guesthouse), King Roger 's visit RES Cefalù.

#### MED ST

charming maze: pleasant, stay 4 morn or an entire day.

#### Mandralisca MUS: most MUS: closed: 1 > 4

Worth visit; art, ARCHgy & natural objects (sea shells) & Antonello da Messina. Painting

#### Gibilmanna Sanctuary: Probably not: 15 km away

High in Madonie Mts nearby CHR itself is unremarkable but wooded area surrounding it is beautiful.

#### NO: Castelbuono, usually closed > public

# NOTE: Consider Selinunte visit -- UP Coast DT SEE NEXT SECTION

# **TRANS-IN:**

Rome2Rio: Cefalu > Ternmini Imerese > Agrigento Bassa (2:40h, hrly, \$12) Trenitalia Intercity BUS

#### Trans Sites:

trenitalia.com. SAIS :<u>SAIS SCHDs here</u>. 1 of 3 BUS lines Interbus. Check<u>Interbus SCHDs here</u>. 2<sup>nd</sup> of 3 <u>AST BUS SCHDs here</u>. 3<sup>rd</sup> of 3 BUS line



ACCM: 1 day only SEE "Agrigento Hostels-HW.pdf" HW has some hostels/dorms @ \$15-\$25 SEE Web pg

# **TRANS-OUT:**

Local knowledge

# SITES:

4 Visitors: worth 1 day only; VAL of TEMPs, ARCH MUS, quick glimpse; CATH & San Nicola; 4 real medievalist,

GRK TEMPs, theatres & ruins, & even ARCH MUS, are LOC outside city proper.

#### **HIST:**

plateau overlooking Sicily's southern coast; ORIG, Akragas, 582 BC (BCE): colonists from Gela, & immediate GRK descendants from Rhodes & Crete.

#### Pre-HIST:

<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> mill BCE: female skull ("girl of Mandrascava") found near Cannatello, 6000 BC: Point Bianca Mesolithic VIL, farther down coast >> Montechiaro Castle, maybe descendants of Sicanians Romans renamed *Agrigentum*, Arabs: *Girgenti* by Arabs, 1927 christened *Agrigento*  Berbers, 9<sup>th</sup> C Greatly enlarged MED city w/ ---Romanesque Gothic CATH: 14<sup>th</sup> C, High in HIST area, some MED character CHR of San Nicola (ST Nicholas). 13<sup>th</sup> C Saracen Ft: apparently 'gone'

#### HIST:

Akragas, 4 nearby river, flourished under Phalaris (570-554 BC), further under Theron (488-471 BC), whose troops defeated Carthaginians in Battle of Himera in 480 BC,

Punic Wars: destroyed several times especially during 261BC Roman siege; always rebuilt GRK poet Pindar (518-438 BC): " most beautiful city of mortals."

Most famous citizen: philosopher / scientist Empedocles (490-430 BC).

# SITES: SEE "Sicily Agrigento- VAL of TEMPS Wiki.pdf"

VAL of TEMPs: Irg ARCH site, outside town w/ olive & almond.

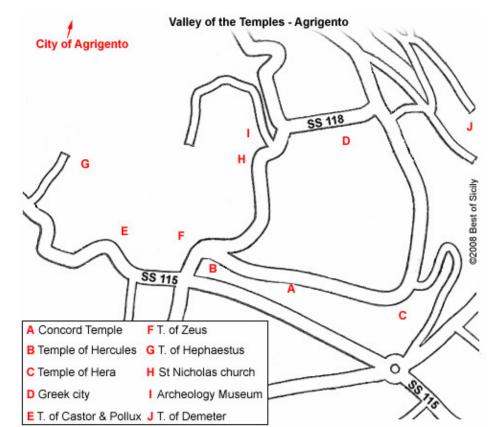
- 1 of most outstanding EXs of Greater GRK art & ARCH, ancient city's ARCH: missing - thin, reddish bricks so typical of Roman sites like Solunto & Taormina.
- Ancient IMP declined w/ Byz & Saracens, deferring> MED/present-day Agrigento several km from VAL of TEMPs, BUT Normans, recognized IMP: built beautiful CHRs in & near
- Despite its location virtually in shadow of modern city, VAL of TEMPs is surrounded by olive groves & almond orchards that render its ambience altogether natural, but illegally-built houses
- Agrigento TEMPs: Most in ruins: pieces strewn about,

& several appear not > even been completed Many TEMPs, necropoli, houses, ST & everything expected in ancient city.

• sm amphitheatre & several auditoria,.

#### Walk ----

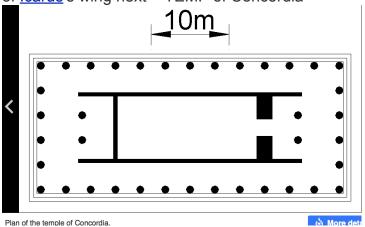
- (I) ARCH MUS. Fine
- (H) ST Nicholas CHR: ???
- (D) GRK city: ???



# (J) Tomb of Demeter

(C) **TEMP of Hera** (Juno), 450 BC, part intact;

() TEMP of Concord: named 4 Latin inscription found nearby, 440 BC, better condition, night illuminated TEMP, into CHR, 6th C AD; telamons (atlas) (Irg segmented stone COLs in form of human figures) Medusa's STAT: on back of Icarus's wing next > TEMP of Concordia





Agrigento's Temple of Concord

(B) **TEMP of Hercules**: dubious name, last yrs of 6th C BC.; 1st EX (later became common in Agrigento TEMPs) of pylons inserted btwn pronaos & cella, housing stair allowed inspections on

roof; 1 of most venerated deities in ancient Akragas; most ancient in VAL: destroyed by an earthquake; today of only eight COLs.

(F) Tomb of Zeus: 480 BC > celebrate city-state's victory over Carthage. It is characterized by use of lrg scale atlases



(E) TOMB of Castor & Pollux: only 4 COLs, now symbol of modern Agrigento.

(G) TEMP of Hephaestus ???



(?) TEMP of Juno: 5th C, burnt in 406 BC by Carthaginians.re of 406 BC & restored in Roman times, w/ substitution of clay marble tiles

> **TEMP of Vulcan**: 5th C BC., thought > have been 1 of most imposing constructions in VAL; it is now however OO most eroded.



(?) **TEMP of Asclepius**, LOC far from ancient town's walls-- in middle of San Gregorio plan; pilgrims seeking cures 4 illness. Its peculiarity: fake opysthodomus (rear RM of an ancient GRK TEMP or > inner shrine,) w/ 2 semi-COLs in EXT side of rear cella. Also extant are parts of entablature, w/ lion-like protomes, frieze & geison pediment. sanctuary housed bronze STAT of <u>Apollo</u> by <u>Myron</u>, gift > city by <u>Scipio</u>

**Tomb of** <u>Theron</u>, Irg <u>tuff</u> mon't of pyramidal shape; scholars suppose it was built > commemorate Romans killed in 2nd <u>Punic War</u>.

#### (?) Olympeion field:

Panorama Remains of 1 reconstructed <u>atlas</u> in Olympeion field

DIRECS: On other side of rd running >> ancient city's Golden Gate of : plain of huge *Olympeion* field.



... includes:TEMP of Olympian Zeus, TEMP of Vulcan, 1 <u>atlas</u> Remains in Olympeion field.

#### ALSO ----

**Roman villa ruins**: LOC at ARCH site few km (???) up coast from Porto Empedocle.

PIAZZA ARMERINA (may have 2B CAT DT cuz DIFF TRANS) Interbus runs direct service btwn Catania & Piazza Armerina



#### TRANS-IN:

## How > get > Piazza Armerina by BUS:

Agrigento > Piazza Armerina by BUS **requires transfer** in either Caltanissetta or Gela. \* From Caltanissetta: much more frequent onward BUS >< Agrigento (60 kms.) onward

From <u>Agrigento</u>, 1 of 4 SAL BUSes (none on SUN) Piazza Armerina: 99km (62 mi) E of <u>Agrigento</u> BEST OPT: Agrigento (SAIS Trasporti) > Caltanissetta (Astra Autolinee) > Pazza Amerinia

<u>http://www.saistrasporti.it/</u> (including on SUNs)

http://www.astraautolinee.it/ (??? - NO SERVICE ON SUNs)

2<sup>nd</sup> OPT: **Agrigento > Gela:** (90 min) THEN, 4 1 of 2–4 daily Etna BUS > (?) Piazza Arerina From Gela >< BUS Agrigento (78 kms.

? OPT: Rome2Rion: suggests: Agrigento (Autoservizi Salemi) > Licata (Interbus) > Pazza Amerinia. ....Licata SCHED: <u>www.autolineesal.it</u>

# ACCM: maybe CAT DT?

NO hostels; \$35-\$50 OPT, if necessary.

# TRANS-OUT: ???

TADV: Agrigento > Ragusa (Feb 19, 2010)

1. BUS from Agrigento > Gela (daily except SUNs)

2. BUS OR TRN from Gela > Ragusa (daily)

Agrigento > Gela: (1h, ); Gela TRN STA: very unattractive, THEN, AST BUS: Gela > Ragusa (1<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>h) ........ TRN: Gela > Ragusa (1-1.5 h)

Connection is @ Gela's TRN STA.

www.autolineesal.it (Agrigento > Licata or Gela)

www.aziendasicilianatrasporti.it (Gela > Ragusa)

www.ferroviedellostato.it (Licata or Gela > Ragusa)

Rome2Rio: BUS/TRN (4h17m, \$18)

Pazza Amerina (Interbus) (1h23m, 1/d) > Licata (Trenitalia) (1h 54m, 1/d) > TRN> Ragusa Unable > use Interbus search form; won't accept info

# **SETTING**:

700 mgr high plateau, 35 km > Enna & <u>Caltagirone</u>,

## HIST:

Founded: <u>Arab</u> era, HIST QRT: CHRs - <u>Baroque</u> CATH, well-preserved Spinelli Castle /Ft,. SITES:

#### Roman Villa- "Villa del Casale": 330 - 360 AD,

**most imp**: Roman Villa, w/ mag mosaics, few km away, OO largest surviving Roman dwellings, probably wealthy patrician; owner debatable, BUT 3 possibles: Proculus Populonius, Sicily governor, 314 > 337; Caeionus Rufus Volusianus, aka Lampadius, influential/ wealthy man; & Sabucinius Pinianus, Roman birth.

**Mosaics**: 3500 SQ mgr on villa's FLRs, some surviving wall paintings; walls standing. Style: N African Roman motifs influence; artifacts: Piazza Armerina ARCH MUS. Depict daily life, hunting, remarkable sociological & artistic value; 1) showing women clad in 2-piece swimsuits exercising w/ barbells, Bikini Girls (typical 20<sup>th</sup> C).

**villa size** & **design**; impres, ARCH style differs markedly from Pompei (So?); bldgs arranged in sections: impres entry, numerous rooms of various dimensions, some Irg.; water pipes remain -- near entry. Under villa: VIL remains, dated: 100-200 AD.



Mosaic Detail, Piazza Armerina

#### Sofiana VILL:

remains & perhaps more ancient, Proedium Philosophianum VILL: 6 km S of villa; w/baths, Roman & Byz CEMs & Paleo Christian CHR vestiges.

#### Norman Palio:

4 day AUG celebration of 11thC proactively ceded city > conquering Normans > avoid petty baron's rule, & so city governed itself answering directly > king ; city's 4 districts (contrade) - Canali, Casalotto, Castellina & Monte - compete in Palio events: hitting <u>Saracen</u>'s shield w/ flail mace, throwing lance at shield, throwing lance >> ring, catching ring w/ lance, also, MED arts demos & food.

# RAGUSA / Noto: (GRK ruins Syracuse TRANS-IN: Get Local KNOW

# ACCM:

HB : more lower priced; see Web pg Hw: B&B btwn \$20 - \$40, PRIVs;

# TRANS-OUT:

TRN: (3/d, 1h33m, \$7)Trenitalia BUS: (2h, \$4) AST (Azienda Siciiliana Transporti) <u>http://www.aziendasicilianatrasporti.it</u>

# **SETTING**:

Ragusa, capital, 1h from Syracuse, population: 70K, off beaten path, THUS, more <u>tranquil &</u> <u>"authentic" Sicilian; 2 towns</u> in 1, 1926. Lower Ragusa, aka Ragusa Ibla, or "Ibla," = ancient city, rebuilt after 1693 earthquake **Upper Ragusa**, aka Ragusa Superiore, 1700s: main new city on ridge across from old city of Ibla after earthquake; most CHRs & main bldgs: Baroque & Neo-Classical Styles. Focus on Lower Ragusa ------

## HIST:

#### Lower Ragusa:

- ORIG, ancient indigenous <u>Sikels</u>, aka "Hybla Heraea," thus 'Ibla'; rapidly Hellenized by GRK @ Syracuse, 5th C BC; 258 BC, Romans conquered & 'conduit 4 trade' IMP btwn INT & GRK coast colonies declined >> Byz & Arab periods.
- 1091, post- Norman conquest, Count Roger de Hauteville consolidated Ragusa & area & gave > son, Godfroi.
- 1296, Baron Manfred Chiaramonte took Ragusa, joined w/ Modica & Noto >= OO largest Sicily feudal holdings.

# FOOD:

Modican Chocolate: aka: town of Modica, 5 C old recipe

# SITES:

#### Basilica of ST. George:

**ENTRY DIRECS:** climbing spacious, elegant decorated curving stairs. Majestic **dome** soars above town dominating Piazza del Duomo; **basilica**, 1738, ARCH Rosario Gagliardo's baroque masterpiece(also Noto).

DIRECS: Continuing past down Corso 25 Aprile

CHR of San Giuseppe, another baroque jewel "Giardino Ibleo" or Ibla Gardens: spect views;

#### CHR of San Giorgio Vecchio: DIRECS: near park entry,

Post 1693 quake restoration, but still some ORIG 15th C Catalan-Gothic construction elements

#### CHR of San Domenico DIRECS:: inside Gardens;

Note: bell-TOW w/ Maiolica ceramic tiles from Caltagirone.

CHR of Cappucini Vecchi, DIRECS:: near park (?): several 16th C Sicilian artist Pietro Novelli. Paintings



#### DIRECS:: Cross > <u>Upper Ragusa</u> from Lower Ragusa

#### CHR of Santa Maria delle Scale (ST. Mary of Stairs)

DIRECS:: on Via XXIV Maggio (29 May ST). 18th C restoration: some <u>Gaginis SCULPs</u>; 242-step **staircase** leading up > it.

CATH of Ragusa: Irg domed Baroque structure.

#### Archaeology MUS:

**GUD** ancient Bronze Age "Castelluccio Culture" >> Sikel, GRK & Roman periods: most noteworthy: Paleo-Christian CHR's fragments of mosaic FLRs & wall panels, 6th C BC GRK vases, various ancient GRK & Roman deities STATS.

#### Hyblaean Mts: May pass thru > Siracusa

area btwn Siracusa & Ragusa.

# ΝΟΤΟ



# TRANS-IN: Ragusa > Noto

TRN: (3/d, 1h33m, \$7)Trenitalia BUS: (2h, \$4) AST (Azienda Siciiliana Transporti) <u>http://</u> www.aziendasicilianatrasporti.it

# ACCM: SEE "Sicily Noto (HW) Ostello della Gioventu' II Castello.pdf"

 Hostel (HW): Ostello della Gioventu' Il Castello, 9 Via Fratelli Bandiera, 1, Noto
 InExp Hotel (HW): La Rosa Nel Barocco Via Giovanni Aurispa 56, Noto
 Giardino Del Barocco Hotel Via G.Aurispa 77, Noto, Italy
 Noto - Il Castello (HI/YHA) Via Fratelli Bandiera 1, 096017 Noto

# TRANS-OUT: > Siracusa

TRN: (?/d, ½h, \$3) BUS: ( evry 3h, 50m, \$3)

#### **SETTING:**

Sicily's "Baroque City," ; 35 km SW of Syracuse; Old Noto: <u>completely destroyed,1693 Equake (</u>Catania&Syracu also.) NOW, Noto totally rebuilt almost entirely in Baroque style

#### **HIST**:

- Around Noto: > W, Bronze Age people, 2000-1500 BC (BCE), aka "Casteluccio Culture"; major finds; Syracuse's ARCH MUS, NOTE: excavation visits: daily: 9a > 1p,; some prehistoric VIL & necropolis ruins.
- Pre-1693 quake-Noto: in old town, now aka "Noto Antica" (aka antiquity: "Netium."); DIRECS: 13 km present Noto.
- Legend: plausible, Noto Antica founded by Sikels leader, Ducetius, 500 BC,
- Earliest ruins, 800 BC.
- GRK colonization of Syracuse also absorbed Netium
- Arab period: Some IMP as Noto VAL administrative center
- OO last Saracen resistance bulwarks > Norman takeover
- Noto history generally = general flow of Sicilian history.

#### SITES:

town's gate, aka Porta Reale, 1838. DIRECS: At its eastern end

#### Corso Vittorio Emanuele ST:

Noto's grand main ST: GUD good view of city's ARCH.

CHR & convent of Holy Savior, 1703, neo-classical





#### CHR of San Francesco from 1745,

@ top of splendid L stairway curving up > entry.

#### "Museo Civico," or Civic MUS,

**DIRECS:** on 1st FLR of <u>Holy Savior convent</u>, at 134 Corso Vittorio Emanuele. Under restoration; pre-HIST objects, ancient GRK pottery&sanctuary's statuettes dedicated > Kore & Demeter gods...

#### Piazza Municipio, DIRECS: next plaza: Noto's main SQ

**CATH of Noto**. Sadly, dome (cupola) earthquake-collapsed recently, yet 2B rebuilt.

**Palazzo Vescovile** (Bishop's Palace): **DIRECS:** next > CATH **Town Hall**, aka Palazzo Ducezio, **DIRECS:** across SQ opposite

#### Palazzo Vescovile

-- elegant portico, Neo-Classical style,1746 ARCH Vincenzo Sinatra.

Palazzo Alfano : DIRECS: on left side of CATH, ...

#### Palazzo Villadorta: DIRECS: next > it

4 Sicilian aristocrat in fanciful Baroque style, 18th C; decorated w/ superb wrought-iron balconies & series of fantastic statuettes of nymphs, lions, ogres & other mythical animals; --- similar > <u>Villa</u> <u>Palagonia in Bagheria</u>.

Piazza XVI Maggio DIRECS: Towards end of Corso, ..... last Irg piazza,

CHR of San Domenico: elegant curving facade, 1727 by ARCH Gagliardi.

**Villetta di Ercole**: little villa w/ fountain w/ STAT of Hercules: this GRK STAT from Noto Antico ruins, but scholars disagree.

#### Vittorio Emmanuele Theater: 1842

**DIRECS:** here also. & dates from.

#### **NEARBY:**

**Pre-1693 quake-Noto**: in old town, now aka "**Noto Antica**" (aka antiquity: "Netium."); **DIRECS:** 13 km present Noto.



# SIRACUSA: TRANS-IN: Noto > Siracusa

TRN: (?/d, ½h, \$3) BUS: ( evry 3h, 50m, \$3)

#### ACCM:

HW: hostels mostly PRIV \$20-30; SEE Web pg

# **TRANS-OUT:**

#### TRN EXs:

## Sunday, February the 22nd 2015

updated yesterday

Train	From	То	Duration
Trenitalia Intercity 722	Siracusa, 07:20	Catania Centrale, 08:40	01:20 8€
Trenitalia Regionale 3870	Siracusa, 08:40	Catania Centrale, 09:57	01:17 7€
Trenitalia Intercity 724	Siracusa, 10:25	Catania Centrale, 11:34	01:09 8€

# Monday, February the 23rd 2015

updated February 18, 2015

Train	From	То	Duration
Trenitalia Regionale 3870	Siracusa, 08:40	Catania Centrale, 09:57	01:17 7€
Trenitalia Regionale 3868	Siracusa, 06:32	Catania Centrale, 07:46	01:14 7€
Trenitalia Regionale 8572	Siracusa, 13:00	Catania Centrale, 14:09	01:09 7€
Trenitalia Regionale 12830	Siracusa, 14:25	Catania Centrale, 15:42	01:17 7€
Trenitalia Regionale 3866	Siracusa, 05:13	Catania Centrale, 06:19	01:06 7€

# SITES:

TRANS: BUS: OK

- Archimedes, Plato & ST. Paul
- OOM IMP & beautiful ancient GRK cities & M IMP in GRK/Roman Sicily.
- ARCH park is extensive:
- Ortygia, old city, w/ its charming, narrow ST (closed > most traffic), SITES:
- CATH (ancient TEMP of Athena): orig COL/walls -- still visible INT.
- EUR"s oldest mikveh: Carved limestone hypogeum / Judaic heritage (don't miss),
- "intellectual" alternative > tourist-filled Taormina: ambience



# SITE STRAT:

Except > 1) Irg ARCH site & 2) Orsi MUS in "modern" city, MOST TIME: in Ortygia.

-- delightful narrow ST & restricted traffic, GUD 4 walking; culture vultures: genuine atmosphere of <u>Alla Giudecca</u> in Via Alagona above <u>mikveh</u> hypogeum. avoid "tourist menus" rest 4 charming trattorias, pizzerias & seafood REST on narrow ST away from largest squares.

# **SETTING:**

ancient MED & EUR history window ; vast ARCH site @ modern city edge; rare treasure: TEMPs, amphitheatres, ancient castle; on Ionian coast,

# HIST:

built on ancient GRK settlement founded by Corinthians in 734 BC (BCE), THEN, mixing w/ <u>Sicels</u> (Sikels) who displaced indigenous <u>Sicanians</u>.

More than any other modern Sicily city, Syracuse manifests visible continuity from ancient GRK past - HIST/ mythological > present.

charming ancient & MED ST labyrinth; GRK, Byz & Judaic civilization CNTR, inherited physical EVID of from classical mythology, early Christianity & MED Judaism

Ortigia (or Ortygia = GRK 4 quail & local abundance) isle, older residential QRT;

MYTH: freshwater Spring of <u>Arethusa</u>. When Artemis changed Arethusa into spring of water > escape river god Alpheus, it was here that transformed maiden emerged.

## HIST IMP:

- 1) Archimedes Archimedes,
- 2) Aeschylus Aeschylus(plays are still performed in huge amphitheatre) :
- 3) <u>Pindar</u>. 4) **Plato** <u>Plato</u>": many yrs, aka 'GRK America', *Magna Graecia* & rivaled Athens, BUT, not 1st "GRK" settlement in Sicily.
- ONLY Athens, Carthage, Rome: -- coveted Syracuse power/prosperity during its Golden Age. IMP @ founding, flourished unhindered after victory over Carthaginians at Himera, 480 BC, THEN, **M IMP GRK** city in Sicily & Italy -- econ & political. In concert w/ Romans & Etruscans Siracusa: western EUR society, culture cornerstone; history of Hellenistic Sicily = Syracuse history.
- IMP > Judaism & Christianity growth in central MED: Italian peninsula > N & W;
- **415 BC**, in **Peloponnesian War**, Athens failed attack against E Sicily defeated by victorious Syracuse's = prosperity, discovered too late by Athens, Plato's 398 BC visit: Syracuse model 4 utopian society.
- 212 BC, Romans defeated Siracusa, despite Archimedes' efforts, THEN, after Western Roman Empire's 5<sup>th</sup> C fall, sacked by Vandals & Goths; THEN, 535, Eastern Roman Empire's Byz GRK conquered (mid 17<sup>th</sup> C, Emperor Constans' capital; THEN, 9<sup>th</sup> C Arabs conquered, converting splendid <u>CATH</u> (earlier Irg GRK TEMP > Athena) > mosque, THEN, developing Bal'harm (Palermo) metropolis eclipsing Syracuse' population & prosperity.
- SO, Syracuse's unchallenged 4 1000 yrs.
- •
- THEN, **Byz w/ Norman, Lombard & Norse** adventurers under <u>George Maniakes</u>, retook 4 few yrs about 1040, BUT THEN, <u>INT Byz quarrels facilitated Arabs' return</u>.

•

• THEN, **1085, Norman** Roger I & knights removed "Saracens", yet Arabs, retained administration, wealth, agriculture & technology IMP positions.

**SITES:** ancient structures MED treasures.

Ortygia, MED city's historic center:

**GRK TEMP**: largest standing, long ago converted > CATH.

DIRECS: via Ponte Nuovo, (New Bridge).

ubiquitous GRK & Roman structures

CATH of Siracusa CATH of Siracusa:

DIRECS: on edge of Ortygia,

Imposing, built around GRK structure --- TEMP of Athena (or Minerva): massive COLs **TEMP of Apollo** (or Artemis), 565 BC:

oldest Sicily <u>GRK TEMP</u>, oldest Doric style GRK TEMP outside present-day GRK; only few COLs & walls in Piazza Pancali.

GRK TEMP, 5th C BC,

DIRECS: few blks away, in Piazza Duomo

built on much older Sikelian TEMP, became CATH: OO few surviving TEMP converted directly > CHR (many in Rome), (Other Sicily CHRs built on ancient TEMP sites, but none lrg still standing)

## Spring of Arethusa,

**DIRECS:** Down by shore reached either from Foro Italico or Via Capodieci. form of lrg fountain & pool,

#### Maniaces Castle:

**DIRECS:**, Further along coast

named 4 Byz general (George Maniakes) : conquered Ionian coast,1030s; most of MED structure built 2 Cs later, THEN, extensively modified since.

ST Lucy CHR ST. Lucy, city's patron

DIRECS: in Piazza Santa Lucia, at end of Piazza

Duomo

- saint martyred, 304 near CHR
- Byz era built, THEN, Normans restructured by Normans, 12th C, THEN, modified almost beyond recognition, 17th C; extensive catacombs beneath,
- NOTE: Caravaggio's Burial of Saint Lucy .-----

# Teminite Hill, more spectacular of ancient

# landmarks

**DIRECS:** city periphery's ARCH park --- near Viale Teracati & Via G. Emanuele Rizzo.

Neapolis ARCH Park:

clear distinction btwn GRK & Roman structures.

Lrg GRK <u>amphitheatre</u>: semicircular & open, carved out of rock, well preserved ) & also Roman Amphitheater: oval & enclosed.

27

1, both well preserved,

#### charming surprises:

Altar of Geron II:

**Ear of Dionysius**: former limestone quarry. **Saint Venera Quarry**, various necropoli, other caverns.

Quarries are not exclusive > Neapolis; several elsewhere in Syracuse: Capuchin Quarry.





#### Euryalus Castle, 401 BC,

**DIRECS:** eight km due W of city towards Belvedere locality

- ancient fortification w/ moats (now dry), immense walls; probably partly Archimedes designed: also distinguished military engineer, remarkable Ft in day & still mag after Byz expansion, impres today. 4 GRK: defense against Carthaginians, THEN, Romans (fell > Roman Marcellus cuz betrayal, not siege). 4 Byz: thwarted Saracen Arab threat; 309 BC, in Carthaginians held 3K foot soldiers & 4 hundred horsemen.
- TODAY, shadow of former self, but OO few extant GRK defensive ARCH EX anywhere.
- TOTAL DEF SYSTEM: castle centerpiece, walls: 27 km around OO largest GRK cities; Dionysius Elder: designed city 2B attack-safe, generally, successfully so.

#### Roman Gymnasium:

**DIRECS:** off Via Elorina near Porto Grande (Lrg Port). 1st C AD, INCLD: TEMP, theatre & court, but flooded cuz below sea level,

# **OTHER NEAR Siracusa SITES:**

#### Megara Hyblaea: GRK town

**DIRECS:** on coast about 10 km N of Syracuse & S of Augusta, TRANS: local TRN from Megara-Giannalena STA.

#### Orsi Reg ARCH MUS, OO Sicily's finest/modern - very GUD

**DIRECS:** on Villa Landolina grounds off Via Teocrito.

Megara & ancient Syracuse finds, exhibits treasures in their proper HIST context, superior > Palermo's ARCH MUS, though different.

Also, nearby, most extensive Paleo-Christian catacombs outside Rome.

#### Saint John Baptist CHR:

**DIRECS:** *Giudecca* (Jewish QRT) <u>Saint Paul</u> : AD 59 Syracuse visit, probably preached in near MED, now stands. Enhancing lustre of city's RELG heritage is recently-discovered

**Mikveh**: <u>mikveh</u> (Jewish ritual bath), 7<sup>th</sup> C:

**DIRECS:** few blks away in Via Alagona, dating from 7<sup>th</sup> C.

#### Syracusa's MED heritage: some notable sights

Bellomo Palace, 13thC:

DIRECS: on Via Capodieci,

.... <u>castle</u>-built, 15<sup>th</sup> C, restructured in Catalan Gothic style; Art Gallery: Antonello da Messina's *Assumption, etc.* 

#### Palazzo Montalto, 1397:

**DIRECS:** near Piazza Archimede, so-called "Chiaramonte Gothic" style: arched windows, detailing foreshadows Palermo's <u>Steri</u>,

#### Fountain of Artemis, : attractive, but overrated DIRECS: Piazza Archimede.

# CATANIA: TRANS-IN: SEE Siracusa > TRANS-OUT



# Local Area TRANS:

good TRN / BUS connections : > Etna, airport, nearby towns DP: piazzas near TRN STA (several different BUS lines w/ offices off main SQ). fairly frequent TRN DPs 4: **Taormina: Messina: Piazza Armerina: ?? .** 

# ACCM:

HW: lots around \$20; SEE Web pg

# TRANS-OUT:

ST David

Fontanarossa Airport is only about 20 min from Catania.

#### SITES: HIST:

- early Bronze Age (2200-1400 BC): man's presence
- Since eighteenth C, Catania: 2nd most IMP Sicily city, replacing Messina, subject > Etna's fickle emotions: lava flows / earthquakes: particularly 1669 followed w/1693.
- Siculi founded, Chalcidians (GRKs) from Naxos colonized, 729 BC; Romans conquered, AD 263, eventually most prosperous Roman Sicily city.
- Middle Ages: still IMP port, but less than Messina; until 1169, when almost earthquake destroyed, then slowly rebuilt.

# Ampitheater: sm 1

DIRECS: , off Via Vittorio Emanuele near Piazza San Francesco d'Assisi,

, built on earlier <u>GRK theater,</u> --- open > public; held 6,000 spectators.

Odeum, DIRECS: nearby , smallest theatre, held 1,300.

#### Roman amphitheatre (Anfiteatro), largest

**DIRECS:** closer > commercial center in Piazza Stesicoro\* at intersection of Via Etnea & Corso Sicilia; Right on Piazza Stesicoro, along Via Etnea btwn University & Via Bellini; \*piazza, incidentally, is named 4 Stesichorus, sixth C BC Catania GRK poet completely Roman, 2nd C AD, now below grade; & usually closed, held 14,000 peeps: only sm part visible now: vast underground passages & alcoves network -- Roman Colosseum-like. Demarcated area in square's centre seems sm – ORIG amphitheatre, 2nd or 3rd C: 16K. Behind Capuchin CHR façade; On piazza's opposite side: Vincenzo Bellini STAT, 1882.

#### Ursino Castle,

DIRECS: in Piazza Federico di Svevia, at end of Via Auteri btwn Via Plebiscito & Via Garibaldi,

- ORIG, coastal Ft BUT lava
- extended coastline. 1st 1/2 13th C,

 Emperor Frederick II von Hohenstaufen, THEN, modernized like Messina, Taranto & Bari's; NOW, public MUS..

#### **CATH** (duomo): <u>Italian</u>: *Duomo di Catania*, *Cattedrale di Sant'Agata*) dedicated > <u>Saint Agatha</u>, is <u>Roman Catholic CATH</u>

HIST:

- extensively rebuilt on Baroque & neo-classical models; oldest part: 1092;
- <u>royal entombments</u>: 1) Frederick III of Aragon (r'd 1296-1337), 2) Queen Constance, wife of Frederick IV's wife (r'd1355-1377);
- during Aragonese period began > compete w/ Messina >B most IMP E Sicily city
   18<sup>th</sup> C: most L ST & majestic palaces built, coincident w/ Bourbon's Naples growth: striking ARCH similarity: both: continually volcano menaced; DIFF: Catanian gray volcanic stone; some visitors believe - ominous face.
- FAV SONS: Giovanni Verga (born at Vizzini) & Vincenzo Bellini; best known citizen: Saint Agatha, patroness, martyred here: mid-3rd C.
- 18<sup>th</sup> C reconstruction period: noble families built palazzi in Catania -- began social/economic Palermo rivalry > now;
- Catania: industrial, less chaotic, cleaner ST & SQs, Peeps more open, less pervasive organized crime, easier > do business;
- Palermo: administrative center.

**2 Irg ST markets:** particularly interesting, open Baroque squares.

- Piazza Carlo Alberto (shown here), largest, flanked by picturesque CHRs & monasteries.
- Another (???), near CATH: vast fish mkt, now, expanded > sell everything.

Villa Bellini Park: great urban park of 19th C



2002 Best of Sicily

# DT /OVN: TAORMINA:

# TRANS

DIRECT BUS (easiest vs TRN): Etna Trasporti, (hrly, but fewer @ noon & siesta; 1h10m, € 4.90 (1 way)

FROM: Via Liberta BUS STA: Taormina BUS stop: few min walk from center. DBL CHK Interbus

timetable ; BUS STA: directly across Irg SQ in front of main TRN STA

TRN: Giardini TRN STA nearby

# LOCAL TRANS:

funicular cableway connects old town > coastal Mazzarò below.

## ACCVM:

Several - internet

Hostel Taormina: Via Circonvallazione, 13 - 98039 Taormina (ME) - tel. +39 0942 625505 cell. + 39 3491026161; e-mail: <u>taorminahostel@gmail.com</u> - seguici su; town cntr

## SITES:

MT-top town, Sicily's Mfamous resort, full of REST, beaches. ARCH/HIST:

GRK **amphitheater**, w/ view of Mount Etna & coast **MED walls**: enclose old town's stone ST (many PEDs) Several **castles**:

**Castelmola Hike: SEE "Taormina - Castelmola Walk.pdf":** (overlooking Taormina); Ignored by most visitors, worth visit.

# SETTING:

- on plateau below Mount Tauro, 4 it is named; nineteenth C ENG aristocracy haunt, aka Sicilian Monte Carlo, w/o royalty, faintly similar > Monte Carlo, BUT very different; Sicily's most famous resort town; self-exiled D.H. Lawrence: Lady Chatterly's Lover, OOM passionate/erotic love.
- Endlessly winding MED ST & tiny passages, ice cream bars, secluded gardens behind stone walls or on terraces or in public pleasant squares. evenings enchanting 4 strolling or coast views; NTM, Mount Etna rarer spectacles; lava flows on snow-covered slopes w/ stream of steam & light, eternal stone walls, ARCH monuments & MED homes.

#### SITES:

Palazzo Santo Stefano: Mag sea views: most famous overlooking .....

**Greco-Roman amphitheatre**: OO Sicily's largest, w/ Mount Etna & sea in background; *HIST:* 

- Settled by nearby <u>Naxos</u> GRK people, 395 BC, on Siculian city; had fled Dionysius Elder tyranny, who eventually conquered Taormina, 392 BC; named Tauromenion, 358 BC, regionally politically IMP 4 2 Cs.
- Supported Pyrrhus, King of Epirus, against Syracuse in 278 BC: w/ ten thousand troops.
- Supported Rome in Punic Wars when Eunus (slave/Slave Revolt) took city, BUT Romans finally conquered & massacred thousands of slaves.
- Julius Caesar's time: flourished, only > suffer under Octavian, who punished city 4 support of Pompey by expelling most peeps giving homes > Roman soldiers ; Romans prospered; surviving Rome's Fall, but IMP diminished.

# "Saracen" castle: DIRECS: atop Mount Tauro

built on an older Byz structure, later Norman enlarged.



Another Ft: on still higher ground in Castelmola district.

**DIRECS**: **On foot**, take steps ascend > sanctuary (or convent) of Madonna della Rocca: reached from ST behind & above CHR of Saint Joseph (San Giuseppe) off 1 of Taormina's main squares. Presumes: good condition -- bring water)

## ON Mount Tauro,

several parts of Castelmola beyond main town & few remaining piece of "primary" castle. **area of sanctuary:** 

**DIRECS:** near newer "secondary" castle (built upon foundations of an ancient GRK acropolis), is visible from Taormina.

Conventual CHR: usually closed; In town itself,, Saint George CHR, main CHR: newer structure built on MED Byz foundations.

city walls: old city -- MED & ancient -- remain in tact in

#### GRK amphitheatre , 3rd C BC,

Roman expanded: enlarged stage, added partial roof (now destroyed); Reserved seating existed even in GRK times: 1 seat's inscription: name of Philistide, wife of Hieron II of Syracuse; Mount Etna view & sea beyond -- breathtaking; Summer performances alternate w/ Segesta's GRK amphitheatre.

Odeon (odeum): very sm Roman theatre,

DIRECS: near CHR of Saint Catherine (Santa Caterina), obscures it.

CHR of Saint Catherine (Santa Caterina),

#### Saint Pancras CHR,

**DIRECS:** On this site just beyond **Porta Messina** (Messina Gate) outside MED city walls, Zeus TEMP, 1 wall incorporated into CHR. (Saint Pancras: early Taormina's Christian community priest or bishop)

CATH of Syracusa. Another TEMPs-converted> Christianity CHRs EX

Area's ancient ST plan EVID & ancient villas: w/ Roman mosaic FLRs.

Palazzo Corvaia, fourteenth C, on Roman foundations.

#### ARCH MUS: GUD,

**DIRECS**:(near amphitheatre), yet, more IMP finds elsewhere.

Taormina's ST: retain MED flavour, as do CHRs & residences.

**"Duomo"** (not actually CATH), but this Norman-Arab CHR, built on earlier Paleo Christian structure, twelfth C.

#### Badia Vecchia (Old Abbey), fourteenth C.

- MED Byz (Orthodox) Theotokos ("Mother of God") mosaic icon: perfectly preserved, DIRECS: in archway passage under Clock TOW along Corso Umberto I leading into Piazza 9 Aprile.
- British presence: charming Anglican CHR, D.H. Lawrence (1885-1930) lived nearby, basing some stories on local events.

larger castle : DIRECS: in Castelmola district

overlooks city w/ spect view; not particularly well preserved.

#### **NEARBY SITES:**

#### Castelmola HIKE: (above Taorminia):

#### TRANS:

BUS: > Castelmola. OR, HIKE: take steps ascending > sanctuary (or convent) of Madonna della Rocca from streets behind & above Church of Saint Joseph (San Giuseppe) off one of Taormina's main SQs; steep, stif hike, Water.

#### SITES:

Up on Mount Tauro: several parts of Castelmola beyond main town & few remaining pieces of "primary" castle: <u>area of sanctuary:</u> near newer "secondary" castle (built upon foundations of ancient Greek acropolis),-- visible from Taormina.-- usually closed. **In town,** <u>main church</u>, Saint George, newer structure built upon medieval Byzantine foundations.

#### Naxos, Sicily's oldest GRK city,

**DIRECS:** few km (?) from Taormina (in locality aka Giardini-Naxos) near Cape Schisò. Little remains, except <u>structural foundations & pavement stones of ancient ST</u>; once flourishing city much larger than ancient Taormina, 1st GRK colony, 735 BC. by Chalcidensians as Sicily's

# DT /: Mt Etna DT: Caution: INVESTIGATE: but avoid MT Fuji experience;

- drive > top is pleasant w/ stunning views & lots of viewing points along way: grt visit, walk near non active craters, worthwhile,
- Active crater OPT: walk up > or pay cable cars up: TIK: @ bot @ cable cars, price: RT, €30 4 cable car + €30 4 4WD BUS > peak or hiking 4 free!
- Freezing: take jackets or rent it @ car STA.

#### DT: MESSINA: TRANS-IN/OUT:

TRN: (hrly,  $1\frac{3}{4}h$ , \$18) Trenitalia Itercity or Intercity Night TRN: Messina > CAT

# DIRECS: from TRN STA: SEE "Sicily Messina LP Map.pdf"

#### **SETTING/HIST:**

Middle Ages, most IMP departure port 4 EUR knights on way > Crusades, ; major waypoint or stopover; Richard Lionheart & King Philip II of France, 1190 -- sacked Messina on that occasion. HUH & WHY ???????

#### SITES:

- Bubonic plague was brought > EUR on ship that arrived in Messina
- Several earthquakes have destroyed parts of city over Cs.; most destructive was that of 1908.
- Allied bombardment of 1943 earned Messina nickname " City of Ghosts"

# SITES:

## Piazza Duomo, 98122 Messina

# Bell TOW & Astronomical Clock (Orologio

# Astronomico);

- Extremely unique; <u>Bell TOW & Astronomical Clock (Orologio</u> <u>Astronomico)</u>
- **bell-TOW:** 60m/197ft, reconstructed using old designs, w/ OO greatest astronomical clocks, by Strasbourg firm: Ungerer (1933); every day at noon, figures are set in motion & show:
  - -- scenes from history of Messina, including: handing-over of legendary <u>letter of protection from</u> Madonna > Messina.

Myth: she gave letter > Messinan diplomats in Nazareth, in she wrote: "We bless you & city".

# DIRECS: in Messina CATH TOW @ Piazza Duomo, 98122 Messina

**STRAT**: **IMP**: be there 10 min before noon 4 full show last 15 min, but pretty repetitive. ; Get **directly in front**, but w/ shade , if possible

starting w/: lions roar, animals sounds; **Gilded figures**: rotate on giant cog wheels & strike hour; also chime on QRT-hour.; **Moon phases**: displayed on clock face

giant cuckoo clock; only w/ gilded lions roaring , roosters crowing; **Arrive early**: SEE CATH INT: quite interesting: painted ceiling; mosaic work over altar.

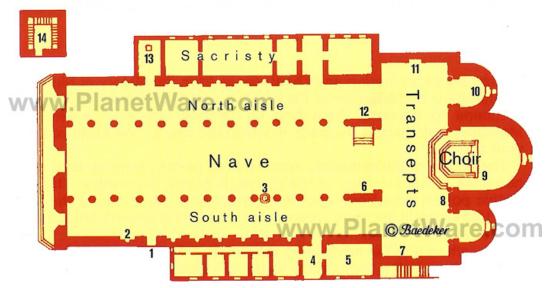
# CATH: SEE "Sicily Messina CATH PLAN.pdf"

On Norman foundation, 1160 - 1197, BUT, during post-1908-earthquake reconstruction. 1919 -1929, great effort > recapture ORIG bldg form: refurbishing preserved <u>ORIG parts</u>: sculptured portals, 15th & 16th Cs; <u>recreated parts</u>: as close as possible > ORIG: campanile(Ital bell TOW).

**CATH DESIGN**: like all Norman-Sicily cathedrals: columned basilica w/ 3 aisles, forming shape of cross, w/ 3 apses & an open, **brightly-colored roof truss**. **INT**: monumental impression: **arcades** 



w/ pointed arches; apse mosaics of enthroned Christ are reconstructions, as R apostle altars of side aisles.





**Cathedral and Strait** 

# Messina Cathedral

- 1 Doorway (design by Polidoro da Carravaggio; carried out by Domenico Vanello, 16th c.)
- "John the Baptist", sculpture by Antonello Gagni (1525) Pulpit (design by Polidoro da Caravaggio; carried out by Domenico Vanello, 3 1539)
- Entrance and narthex 4
- **Cathedral Treasury** 5
- 5 Cathedrai measury
  6 Tomb of five bishops (early 15 c.)
  7 Organ; 5 manuals, 170 stops and 16,000 pipes Tomb of 1195 and entrance to crypt
  8 Tomb of Archbishop Guidotto De Tabiatis (Goro di Gregorio 1333)
  9 Cheintelle (15th a reconstruction)

- 9 Choirstalls (16th c. reconstruction)10 Chapel of the sacrement with a 14th c. original mosaic (including the 10 Chapter of the sacrement with a 14th c. original mosaic (including the Madonna with child and the kneeling Queen Leonara)
  11 Tomb of Archbishop Antonio La Lignamine by Giovanni Battista Mazzolo
  12 Tomb of Archbishop Bellorado by Giovanni Battista Mazzolo (1513)
  13 Baptistery, Doorway by Polidoro da Caravaggio, 16th c. font
  14 Comparis with aladvanaria (1922)

- 14 Campanile with glockenspiel (1933)

# TRANS-OUT: Catania > Haverfordwest, Wales:

OVN TRN: overnight train: Save hotel & ITIN day; 3 OPT: 1) free airplane-style seat; 2) couchette (bed in 6-person compartment: \$25; 3) sleeper (compartment bed w/ dbl bunk: \$80.

DP: > ARV: (1 stop, TOT: 4<sup>1</sup>/<sub>3</sub>h) : ???

Skyscanner: 4 OPT: 3 w/ Vueling: 106-224, 1 GUD time.

WhichAirline.com many OPT; issue: long trip times

Kayak : 1 @ \$106 rest over \$645

Flycheapo, doesn't include full flight SCHDs but can tell you budget airlines fly btwn any 2 point